

# Goldman Sachs Alternative Trend Portfolio (the “Portfolio”)

## Class IO Shares (Acc.)

(ISIN: LU1103308711)

### a sub-fund of Goldman Sachs Funds (the “Fund”)

The Portfolio is managed by Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V. (the “Manager”), part of Goldman Sachs group of companies.

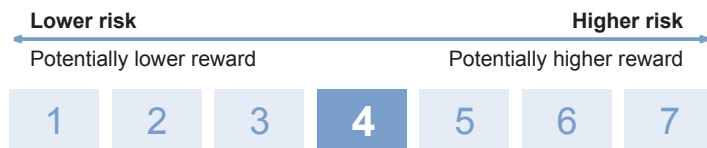
## Key Investor Information

This document provides you with key investor information about this fund. It is not marketing material. The information is required by law to help you understand the nature and the risks of investing in this fund. You are advised to read it so you can make an informed decision about whether to invest.

## Objectives and Investment Policy

- The investment objective of the Portfolio is to implement a trading strategy (the “Strategy”) which seeks to approximate the returns of a portfolio (or basket) of investment funds that employ trend strategies (“Trend Strategies”).
- Trend Strategies typically seek to generate profit from upward or downward movements in various markets by taking long (buy) or short (sell) positions in respect of the markets, based on the directional trends in such markets. Trends are identified by observing historical prices in the markets over multiple time periods.
- In implementing the Strategy, the Investment Adviser expects to utilise a mathematical formula to identify trends in certain markets and to determine when and how much of the Portfolio’s assets to allocate to each market. These markets may include markets in sectors such as interest rates, government bonds, equities, commodities and currencies. The Investment Adviser may remove, or add new, markets and/or sectors from time to time in its sole discretion.
- The Investment Adviser may deviate from the mathematical formula but expects to do so only in exceptional circumstances. The Investment Adviser has discretion to modify the mathematical formula without notice to investors.
- The exposure of the Strategy to each market and/or sector will change on a regular basis depending on the target levels of exposure that are set. The allocation of the Strategy to particular investments is determined by the Investment Adviser.
- The Portfolio may invest directly in the underlying assets that make up each market and/or sector or indirectly, using various techniques and instruments, such as financial derivative instruments. The Portfolio may also use any combination of these two investment methods.
- The Portfolio may use derivatives for investment purposes, to help manage risks and for efficient portfolio management purposes. A significant proportion of the exposure of the Portfolio may be generated through the use of derivatives. A derivative instrument is a contract between two or more parties whose value depends on the rise and fall of other underlying assets.
- Shares in the Portfolio may be redeemed daily (on each business day) on demand.
- The Portfolio is actively managed and references the ICE BofA 3month US T-Bill (the “Benchmark”) for the purposes of setting discretionary internal risk thresholds which may reference deviations from the Benchmark.
- The Investment Adviser has full discretion over the composition of the assets in the Portfolio. Therefore returns may deviate materially from the performance of the specified reference Benchmark.
- Income is rolled up into the value of your investment.
- The Portfolio currency is USD. The share class currency is USD.
- **For full investment objective and policy details see the Prospectus.**

## Risk and Reward Profile



This risk profile is based on historical data and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Portfolio. The risk category shown is not guaranteed and may change over time. The lowest category does not mean risk free. It is possible that a portfolio stated to have a lower risk profile may in fact fall in value more than a portfolio with a higher risk profile.

The Portfolio is in category 4 due to its variable exposure to multiple asset classes. The Portfolio may experience moderate to high volatility, as expressed by its rank on the scale.

The capital is not guaranteed.

### Other Material Risks:

- **Market risk** - the value of assets in the Portfolio is typically dictated by a number of factors, including the confidence levels of the market in which they are traded.
- **Operational risk** - material losses to the Portfolio may arise as a result of human error, system and/or process failures, inadequate procedures or controls.
- **Liquidity risk** - the Portfolio may not always find another party willing to purchase an asset that the Portfolio wants to sell which could impact the Portfolio’s ability to meet redemption requests on demand.
- **Exchange rate risk** - changes in exchange rates may reduce or increase the returns an investor might expect to receive independent of the performance of such assets. Hedging of this risk may not be fully effective and may increase other risks (e.g. derivative risk).
- **Custodian risk** - insolvency, breaches of duty of care or misconduct of a custodian or sub-custodian responsible for the safekeeping of the Portfolio’s assets can result in loss to the Portfolio.
- **Interest rate risk** - when interest rates rise, bond prices fall, reflecting the ability of investors to obtain a more attractive rate of interest on their money elsewhere. Bond prices are therefore subject to movements in interest rates which may move for a number of reasons, political as well as economic.
- **Credit risk** - the failure of a counterparty or an issuer of a financial asset held within the Portfolio to meet its payment obligations will have a negative impact on the Portfolio.
- **Derivatives risk** - derivative instruments are highly sensitive to changes in the value of the underlying asset that they are based on. Certain derivatives may result in losses greater than the amount originally invested.
- **Counterparty risk** - a party that the Portfolio transacts with may fail to meet its obligations which could cause losses.
- **Emerging markets risk** - emerging markets are likely to bear higher risk due to lower liquidity and possible lack of adequate financial, legal, social, political and economic structures, protection and stability as well as uncertain tax positions.
- **Sustainability risk** - an environmental, social or governance event or condition that could cause the value of the portfolio to go down. Examples of sustainability risks include physical environmental risks, climate change transition risks, supply chain disruptions, improper labour practices, lack of board diversity and corruption.
- **Volatility risk** - an investment in the Portfolio can expose investors to higher volatility levels than is normally associated with “balanced” investment strategies, therefore the value of their investment may be subject to significant changes in the short term.
- **Leverage risk** - the Portfolio may operate with a significant amount of leverage. Leverage occurs when the economic exposure created by the use of derivatives is greater than the amount invested. A leveraged Portfolio may result in large fluctuations in the value of the Portfolio and therefore entails a high degree of risk including the risk that losses may be substantial.
- **Historical Performance Data** - the composition of the Strategy is determined by reference to historical data. However, past performance is not an indicator of future performance. The performance of a market may differ to that indicated by a mathematical formula based on historical data, which in turn may adversely affect the value of your investment.
- **Use of mathematical formulae** - the Investment Adviser expects to use mathematical formulae, developed by Goldman Sachs, to implement the Strategy. The use of such formulae may be subject to a number of limitations and may result in the Strategy performing differently than expected as a result of the design of the formulae, inputs into the formulae or other factors.

- For more detailed information on the risks associated with an investment in the Portfolio, please refer to the section in the

Prospectus entitled “Risk Considerations” and discuss with your professional advisers.

## Charges

The charges you pay are used to pay the cost of running the Portfolio, including the costs of marketing and distributing it. These charges reduce the potential growth of your investment.

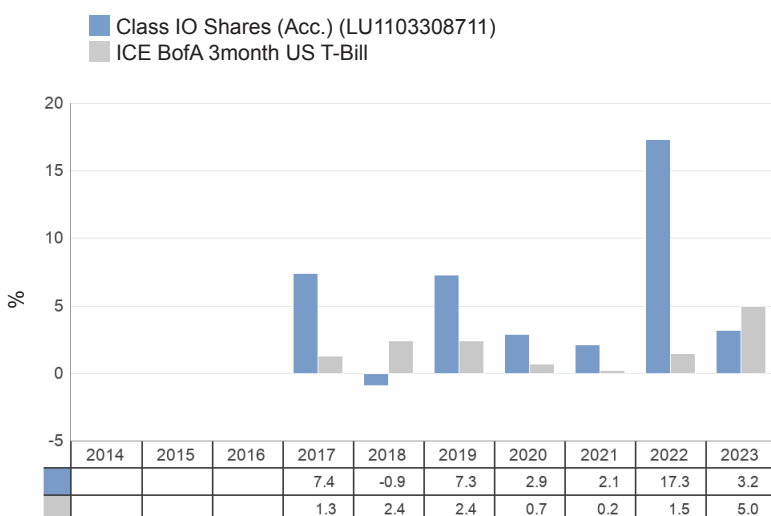
One-off charges taken before or after you invest	
Entry charge	none
Exit charge	none
This is the maximum that might be taken out of your money before it is invested / before the proceeds of your investment are paid out.	
Charges taken over a year	
Ongoing charges	0.11%
Charges taken under certain specific conditions	
Performance fee	none

Where applicable, the entry and exit charges shown are maximum figures and in some cases you might pay less - please contact your professional advisers for more information.

The ongoing charges figure is based on expenses for the year ending February 2024. This figure may vary from year to year. It excludes transaction costs (including taxes and brokerage commissions) and any borrowing costs, which are payable from the assets of the Portfolio and may impact returns on your investment, and performance fees (where applicable).

For more information about charges, please refer to the Fund's Prospectus, section entitled “Fees and Expenses” and the relevant supplement for the Portfolio.

## Past Performance



The Portfolio was launched in January 2015. The share class was launched in January 2016.

Where applicable, past performance has been calculated in USD and is expressed as a percentage change of the Portfolio's Net Asset Value at each year end (net of all fees). Where past performance is not shown there is insufficient data to provide a useful indication of past performance.

Please be aware that past performance is not indicative of future performance which may vary.

## Practical Information

**Depository:** State Street Bank International GmbH Luxembourg Branch

**Further Information:** The Prospectus, annual and semi-annual reports and latest share price are available free of charge from the Fund's registered office, the Manager, administrator or the Portfolio's distributors. The Prospectus is available in English, French, German, Italian and Spanish.

This document is for a single Portfolio of the Fund and the Prospectus, annual and semi-annual reports is for the entire Fund.

The Fund is an investment company with segregated liability between portfolios under Luxembourg law. Therefore, the assets of the Portfolio you have invested in should not be used to pay the liabilities of other portfolios. However, this has not been tested in other jurisdictions.

**Switching between Portfolios:** Shares are available in other share classes and in other currencies as may be specified in the Prospectus. Shareholders may apply for their shares in any share class of any portfolio to be converted into any share class of another portfolio, subject to the conditions set out in the Prospectus (charges may apply).

**Liability Statement:** The Fund may be held liable solely on the basis of any statement contained in this document that is misleading, inaccurate or inconsistent with the relevant parts of the Prospectus for the Fund.

**Tax Legislation:** This Portfolio's investments may be subject to tax in the countries in which it invests. In addition, this Portfolio is subject to the tax law and regulation of Luxembourg which may have an impact on your personal tax position and impact your investment. For further details, please speak to your professional advisers.

**Remuneration Policy:** Details of the up-to-date remuneration policy of the Manager, including, but not limited to, a description of how the remuneration and benefits are determined and governed by the Manager, are available at <https://www.gsam.com/sm/remunerationpolicy> and a paper copy is made available free of charge upon request.